## **RE: Progression in Judaism**

| EYFS  | KS1   | LKS2  | UKS2  |
|---|---|---|---|
| <ul> <li>Judaism is a religious faith</li> <li>The belief in uniqueness and God' love (Psalm 139 Isiah49;16</li> <li>Torah Scrolls</li> <li>Bible Stories from the Torah</li> <li>Creation Stories</li> <li>Sukkot is a Jewish festival</li> <li>The Synagoue is a Jewish place of worship</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Jewish beliefs about God</li> <li>How the mezuzah in the home reminds<br/>Jewish people about God and has the<br/>words of the Shema inside.</li> <li>Shabbat is a special day of the week for<br/>Jewish people and how it is celebrated -<br/>candles, blessing the children, wine, challah<br/>bread, family meal, rest.</li> <li>The festivals of Sukkoth, Chanukah or<br/>Pesach (Passover), the stories and<br/>meanings associated with them;</li> <li>The use of the menorah (7 branched<br/>candlestick)</li> <li>The use of the 9-branched Chanukiah and<br/>how it links to the story of Chanukah.</li> <li>The Torah (part of Tenakh) is often read<br/>from scrolls in the synagogue, beautifully<br/>written in Hebrew - read some related<br/>stories e.g. 'Joseph and his brothers'<br/>(Genesis 37, 39–48); the story of Moses<br/>(book of Exodus); 'The call of Samuel' (1<br/>Samuel 3); 'David and Goliath' (1 Samuel<br/>17); Jonah (Book of Jonah).</li> <li>The meanings of signs, symbols, artefacts<br/>and actions in the Synagogue: ark, Ner<br/>Tamid, Torah scroll, tzitzit (tassels), tefillin,<br/>tallit (prayer shawl) and kippah (skullcap),<br/>hanukkiah, bimah</li> <li>Standing under the <i>chuppah</i> in Jewish<br/>weddings and the Jewish ketubah (wedding<br/>contract).</li> <li>tzedekah (charity) in Judaism</li> <li>How the creation story links with beliefs<br/>about caring for the world and the Jewish<br/>idea of tikkun olam (repairing the world)<br/>and Tu B'shevat (new year for trees).</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>The meanings of the stories behind the festivals, e.g. Pesach, Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur</li> <li>The ceremonies of bar/bat mitzvah/chayil.</li> <li>What Jewish people believe about life after death; how do they mark the end of life?</li> <li>The Ten Commandments</li> <li>Jewish teachings about being thankful (the Talmud teaches that Jews should say thank you 100 times a day! The Siddur prayer book contains 'baruch atah Adonai' prayers - 'Blessed are you, King of the universe').</li> <li>Jewish prayer (tallit, kippah, tzitzit)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Compare an Orthodox and a Reform synagogue</li> <li>The Western Wall in Jerusalem.: explore what this wall means to Jews worldwide.</li> <li>The destruction of the Jewish temple, the 'house of God', in 70 CE.</li> <li>Definitions: 'synagogue' = 'house of assembly' (a place to get together), also called 'schul' = school (a place to learn).</li> <li>Hasidim</li> </ul> |